

By end of EYFS	By end of year 1	By end of year 2	By end of year 3	By end of year 4	By end of year 5	By end of year 6
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

	<u>To understand animals and humans</u>	<u>To understand animals and humans</u>	<u>To understand animals, including humans</u>	<u>To understand animals and humans</u>	<u>Animals, including humans</u>	<u>Animals, including humans</u>
Notice differences between people.						
Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their environment.	To be able to name some carnivores, herbivores and omnivores	To know what animals need to stay alive	To know the main food groups	To know the function of the mouth, tongue, teeth, oesophagus, stomach and small and large intestine	To know changes experienced in puberty	To know the names of blood vessels: arteries veins and capillaries
Explore nature- talk about what they see using suitable vocabulary.	To be able to name some common plants and trees To know the parts of a plant/tree	To know: egg, chick, chicken; egg, caterpillar, pupa, butterfly; spawn, tadpole, frog; lamb, sheep	To be able to identify which foods are healthy	To know how to look after your teeth	To be able to draw a timeline to indicate stages in the growth and development of humans	To know the components of blood (plasma, white and red blood cells and platelets)
Discuss the different stages of maturity	To know the names of some fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets	To know exercise keeps us healthy	To be able to make healthy eating choices	To know what damages teeth		To know the blood carries oxygen, carbon dioxide, food and waste
Explain some similarities and differences between them and others.		To know how exercise affects our body	To know skeletons and muscles support, protect and aid movement	To know what a food chain is		To know the function of the components of blood
Makes observations about the world around them	To know the structure of fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets	To know germs cause disease		To know what predator, producer, prey means		To know the heart pumps blood around the body
Explain how to keep teeth healthy		To know washing hands removes germs				
Explain how to keep physically fit.	To know the names of the main body parts (including head, neck, arms, elbows, legs, knees, face, ears, eyes, hair, mouth, teeth)	To know the importance of a healthy diet				Identify and name the parts of the human circulatory system
Explain what makes a healthy diet.						

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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Name some parts of the body external and internal.</p> <p>Understand the key features of the life cycle of an animal.</p>	<p>To name the 5 senses</p> <p>To link a sense to a body part</p>					<p>To know the structure of the respiratory system</p> <p>To know how oxygen enters the body and travels to our cells</p> <p>To know how nutrients travels into the blood and are transported to the cells that need it</p> <p>To know the components of a balanced diet</p> <p>To know what each component of the diet is used for</p> <p>To recognise the negative effects of drugs and alcohol</p> <p>To recognise the positive effects of exercise on the body</p>
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their environment.</p> <p>Explore nature- talk about what they see using suitable vocabulary.</p> <p>Makes observations about the world around them</p> <p>Plant seeds and care for growing plants, understanding the life cycle of a plant.</p>	<p><b><u>To understand plants</u></b></p> <p>To be able to name some common plants and trees</p> <p>To know the parts of a plant/tree</p>	<p><b><u>To understand plants</u></b></p> <p>To know plants grow from seeds and bulbs</p> <p>To know seeds and bulbs have a store of food inside them</p> <p>To know seeds and bulbs need water to grow but most do not need light</p> <p>To know plants need light, water and a suitable temperature to grow</p> <p>To know plants make seeds and seeds make plants</p>	<p><b><u>To understand plants</u></b></p> <p>To be able to identify parts of a flowering plant</p> <p>To know what plants need to live and grow</p> <p>To know how water is transported in a plant</p> <p>To understand how flowers aid pollination</p> <p>To understand how and where seeds are formed</p> <p>To know how seeds are dispersed in different ways</p>			
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their environment.</p> <p>Explore nature- talk about what they see using suitable vocabulary.</p> <p>Makes observations about the world around them</p> <p>Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.</p> <p>Explain some ways to look after our planet- litter picking, wastage, recycling.</p>		<p><b><u>To investigate living things</u></b></p> <p>To be able to describe a simple food chain (e.g. grass, cow, human)</p> <p>To be able to give an example of something that is dead, alive or has never been alive</p> <p>To know what a microhabitat is</p> <p>To know what a habitat is</p> <p>To know some plants and animals in local habitats</p> <p>Compare to plants and animals in other habitats e.g. reservoir, ocean, polar regions</p> <p>To know how conditions, affect what plants and animals live there</p>		<p><b><u>To investigate living things</u></b></p> <p>To know plants and animals can be grouped according to their characteristics</p> <p>To know classification keys can be used to identify plants and animals</p> <p>To know humans can have a positive and a negative effect on an environment e.g. deforestation, melting ice-caps</p>	<p><b><u>All living things and their habitats</u></b></p> <p>To know how animals reproduce</p> <p>To understand sexual and asexual reproduction in plants</p> <p>To observe the life cycle of plants in a vegetable garden</p> <p>To be able to explain the life cycle of a chicken, a mammal, an insect and an amphibian.</p>	<p><b><u>All living things and their habitats</u></b></p> <p>To know that all living things belong in a 'group' according to their characteristics</p> <p>To know how micro-organisms and Tardigrades are grouped according to their characteristics</p> <p>To be able to explain why animals, plants and microorganisms are grouped into the 5 main animal groups, flowering plants, ferns mosses, cereals, grasses, coniferous and deciduous plants.</p> <p>To able to explain why insects, crustaceans, molluscs, arachnids, and worms are grouped.</p> <p>To able to explain why bacteria, viruses and fungi are grouped.</p>
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their environment.</p> <p>Explore materials with different properties.</p> <p>Makes observations about the world around them</p> <p>To explore the effect of heating upon ingredients/ materials.</p> <p><b>Describe different materials</b></p> <p>Explore and talk about different scientific concepts; magnetism.</p> <p>Explore and talk about different scientific concepts; floating/sinking.</p>	<p><b><u>To investigate everyday materials</u></b></p> <p>To know an object is made of a material e.g. pencil is made of wood.</p> <p>To know the names of materials</p> <p>To know the properties of materials such as: hard/soft; stretchy/stiff; shiny/dull; rough/smooth; bendy/not bendy; waterproof/not waterproof; absorbent/not absorbent; opaque/transparent.</p> <p>To be able to sort and classify objects based on the material they are made of and its properties.</p>	<p><b><u>To investigate everyday materials</u></b></p> <p>To know materials can be used for more than one thing e.g. (metal can be used for coins, cans, cars and table legs</p> <p><b>To know how a property of a material makes it suitable for its purpose</b></p> <p>To know objects made of some materials can be changed in shape</p>	<p><b><u>Rocks</u></b></p> <p>To be able to name different kinds of rocks</p> <p><b>To know the simple property of a different rocks</b></p> <p>To be able to compare and group a rock based on its appearance and its simple properties</p> <p>To know what a fossil is</p> <p>To be able to describe how a fossil is formed</p> <p>To know that soils are different</p> <p>To be able to identify similarities and differences between soil types</p> <p>To know how soil is formed</p>	<p><b><u>To investigate materials</u></b> (States of Matter)</p> <p>To be able to describe the states of matter e.g. solids hold their shape; liquids form a pool not a pile; gases escape from an unsealed container</p> <p>To know water can be a solid, a liquid or a gas</p> <p><b>To know some materials, change state when heated or cooled</b></p> <p>To be able to describe the water cycle</p>	<p><b><u>Properties and changes of materials</u></b></p> <p>To know that melting and dissolving are different processes.</p> <p>To know how to recover a material from a solution</p> <p>To be able to filter, sieve, melt or dissolve different substances</p> <p>To understand evaporating, filtering, sieving, melting and dissolving are reversible changes.</p> <p>To know that melting and dissolving are different processes and reversible</p> <p><b>To know that some changes are reversible and some are not e.g. burning</b></p> <p>To know an example of how a new</p>	
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Begin to explain the 4 r's- reduce, reuse, repurpose, recycle.</p> <p>Explain some ways to look after our planet-</p> <p>litter picking, wastage, recycling.</p>					<p>material is formed from a non-reversible reaction</p> <p>To be able to name materials that are hard, soluble and transparent.</p> <p>To know which materials conduct electricity.</p> <p>To know which materials conduct temperature.</p> <p>To know which materials are magnetic.</p>	
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their environment.</p> <p>Makes observations about the world around them</p> <p>Recite the different seasons</p> <p>Explain the weathers usually associated with the different seasons</p> <p>Explain some ways to look after our planet-</p>	<p><b><u>To understand seasonal changes</u></b></p> <p>To know it is not safe to look at the sun</p> <p>To know the length of the day varies</p> <p>To know the 4 seasons</p> <p>To know the weather changes with the seasons</p>			<p><b><u>To investigate sound and hearing</u></b></p> <p>To know pitch and volume of sounds can be changed in a variety of ways</p> <p>To know sound is made through vibrations</p> <p>To know vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear</p> <p>To know the force of a vibration affects the volume of a sound</p> <p>To know what affects the pitch of a sound</p> <p>To know sounds are quieter at a distance from the sound source</p>	<p><b><u>Earth and space</u></b></p> <p>To know how Earth, the moon, the other planets and the Sun move in relation to each other.</p> <p>To know that the sun is a star at the centre of our solar system and that it has eight planets.</p> <p>To name the planets in the solar system</p> <p>To be able to explain day and night</p> <p>To understand that the moon is a celestial body that orbits a planet</p>	
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

			<p><b><u>To investigate light</u></b></p> <p>To know light is needed to see things</p> <p>To know light reflects from surfaces</p> <p>To know that looking at the sun is dangerous</p> <p>To know how a shadow is formed</p> <p>To know the size of shadows can change</p>			<p><b><u>Light</u></b></p> <p>To know light travels in straight lines</p> <p>To know light reflects off an object into our eyes</p> <p>To know how our eyes help us to see</p> <p>To know objects block light to make a shadow</p>
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

<p>Makes observations about the world around them</p> <p>Explore and talk about different scientific concepts; magnetism.</p>			<p><b><u>Forces and magnets</u></b></p> <p>To know different types of magnets</p> <p>To know magnets can act without direct contact</p> <p>To know where magnets are used in everyday use</p> <p>To know magnets have two poles</p> <p>To know magnets attract and repel</p> <p>To know which poles attract</p> <p>To know what materials magnets attract</p>		<p><b><u>Forces and Magnets</u></b></p> <p>To know how air and water resistance affects movements</p> <p>To know what friction is</p> <p>To know what gravity is</p> <p>To know who Sir Isaac Newton and Galileo are</p> <p>To know how levers, pulleys and gears amplify a force</p>	
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## Progression of Knowledge in primary science.

				<p><b><u>To understand electrical circuits</u></b></p> <p>To know what appliances run on electricity</p> <p>To know how to construct a simple series circuit including, bulbs, buzzers, motors and switches.</p> <p>To be able to create a simple device.</p> <p>To draw a circuit as a picture that would light a lamp.</p> <p>To know how to be safe around electricity</p> <p>To know common conductors and insulators</p> <p>To understand how a switch works.</p>		<p><b><u>Electricity</u></b></p> <p>To know the meaning of electrical symbols</p> <p>To draw simple circuit diagrams</p> <p>To know the brightness of a lamp (or volume of a buzzer) is linked to the number of cells in a circuit</p> <p>To be able to explain the reasons why bulbs vary in brightness</p> <p>To know the function of a switch in a simple circuit</p>
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